The 123 Theorem of Probability Theory and Copositive Matrices

<u>Alexander Kovacec¹</u>, Miguel Moreira², and David P. Martins³

¹University of Coimbra, Portugal ²Instituto Superior Técnico, Lisbon, Portugal ³Oxford University, England

Abstract

Alon and Yuster give for independent identically distributed real or vector valued random variables X, Y combinatorially proved estimates of the form $\operatorname{Prob}(||X - Y|| \le b) \le c \operatorname{Prob}(||X - Y|| \le a)$. We derive these using copositive matrices instead. By the same method we also give estimates for the real valued case, involving X + Y and X - Y, due to Siegmund-Schultze and von Weizsäcker [3] as generalized by Dong, Li and Li [2]. Furthermore we formulate a version of above inequalities as an integral inequality for monotone functions.

Keywords

Probabilistic inequalities, Copositivity, Integral inequality

References

- Alon, N. and R. Yuster (1995). The 123 Theorem and Its Extensions. J. of Combin. Theory, Ser. A 72, 321–331.
- [2] Dong, Z., J. Li, and W.V. Li (2014). A Note on Distribution-Free Symmetrization Inequalities. J. Theor. Probab. (DOI 10.1007/s10959-014-0538-z).
- [3] Siegmund-Schultze, R. and H. von Weizsäcker (2007). Level crossing probabilities I: One-dimensional random walks and symmetrization, Adv. Math. 208, 672-679.

1